

# SERVICES PROVIDED

- Door-to-door collection of the following fractions:
  - dry undifferentiated;
  - organic wet;
  - paper/cardboard;
  - plastic packaging;
  - glass/cans;
  - diapers/diapers;
- Collections by reservation:
  - Bulky;
  - Mowing;
- Cleaning of the territory:
  - Manual sweeping and emptying bins;
  - Mechanized sweeping;
  - Summer washing of the squares;
  - Cleaning of drains;
  - Cleaning of channels;
- Management of ecocentres;
- Summer eco-shuttle service in the coasts and villages;
- Collection of abandoned waste

For information and reports it is advisable to contact the toll-free number.

# INFORMATION AND CONTACTS

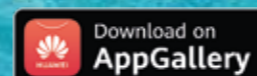
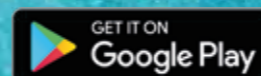
**TOLL-FREE  
LANDLINE**

800 069 960  
070 684415

Monday, Wednesday and Friday  
from 09:00 to 13:00 Tuesday,  
Thursday and Saturday from 09:00 to 14:00

You can book the collection of bulky waste  
by calling the toll-free number or by sending  
an email to [ingombranti@cosir.org](mailto:ingombranti@cosir.org)  
or [ingombranti.cosir.org](http://ingombranti.cosir.org)

Download the Junker App to stay up to date



Junker will help you to separate  
waste in a simple,  
fast and error-free way.



# COMUNE DI MURAVERA

# THE NEW COLOURS OF DIFFERENTIATED WASTE



**SELF-PURGING 800 260 062 • EMERGENCY 348/5817879**  
YOU CAN ALSO BOOK YOUR INTERVENTION  
BY SENDING AN EMAIL TO: [INTERVENTI@AUTOSPURGO.ORG](mailto:INTERVENTI@AUTOSPURGO.ORG)



# COMUNE DI MURAVERA

Dear Citizens,  
on 1 December 2022, the new Urban Hygiene service was launched by **Cosir Srl** in the Municipality of Muravera.

We have the opportunity and the duty to contribute to the achievement of regional objectives on separate waste collection and, at the same time, ensure greater decorum and sustainability in our territory.

Separating waste is a sign of civilization, attention and respect for the environment in which we live. Currently, the average percentage of differentiation in our municipality is 73%. The new goal, for the coming years, will be the achievement and subsequent exceeding of 80%, which will reduce the costs of the service for the Administration and for the Users.

The new contract provides for changes in collection frequencies, the implementation of street sweeping and new cleaning services of the territory, especially in the summer. All information will be reported in the new calendars that will be distributed to Users.

In addition to the new collection frequencies, some changes will also be introduced on the methods of exposure/delivery of waste, as indicated below:

- 1.the use of black binbags is strictly prohibited;
- 2.the transfer of dry and plastic must take place exclusively inside transparent or semi-transparent bags;
- 3.The wet fraction must be disposed of exclusively inside compostable bags and placed inside the appropriate brown container. Check the presence in the bags of the marks provided for by the UNI EN 13432/02 Directive. Non you should never use plastic bags to give the wet.

The new rules will be supported by sample control of disposals, carried out by ecological inspectors in collaboration with the Local Police.

Offenders will be subject to the penalties provided for by current legislation.

## Why separate waste collection?

The production of waste is a problem of considerable importance for our planet and for future populations. Not being able to eliminate consumption, we can adopt a lifestyle that allows us to limit waste and the purchase of disposable products, encouraging reuse, according to the "Zero

Waste" principles.

If proper sorting is ensured, almost all the waste produced can be recovered, limiting the production of undifferentiated dry waste and the consequent incineration or disposal in landfills.

The wet, for example, as a result of biodegradation processes, can become excellent compost that can be used in gardening activities. Aluminum, conferred together with glass, is a waste that can be totally recyclable countless times. For this reason, it is essential to correct the most common mistakes that can be made in waste separation.

Let's see the most frequent:

**Pizza cardboard:** it is given in the paper / cardboard, eliminating any food residues, as well as the tray of pastries, without guilt!

**Tetrapak:** must be disposed of in the paper, after removal of the cap and the plastic ring, possibly providing for a reduction in volume.

**Receipts:** they must not be given in the card! They are made of thermal paper and contain components that do not allow recovery. Fatture and receipts printed on normal paper can, however, be safely thrown away and in paper, along with newspapers and notebooks.

**Tickets:** Unlike receipts, train or bus tickets can be given with the card. To be even more environmentally friendly, the ideal would be to switch to the electronic ticket, where possible, keeping it in digital format.

**Toys:** among the most common mistakes we find the incorrect transfer of toys in dry or plastic. By law, consortia only deal with the recovery of packaging (bottles, bottles, containers, dispensers, envelopes and the like). For this reason, toys can be delivered to the Ecocentres or through the bulky collection service at home, upon reservation. Nothing else – unless explicitly specified in the guidelines on the collection calendar that will be provided to Citizens – can be thrown into the plastic collection bag.

**Aluminum foil:** aluminum is absolutely recyclable. Tinfoil, trays and cans must be placed in the glass-aluminium bins.

**Plastic or compostable plates and cups:** plastic plates and cups, once deprived of food residues, can be thrown into the plastic collection; cutlery and sticks, such as the one for mixing coffee, which can be conferred with dry undifferentiated residue, are excluded for now, since they are not considered

packaging.

Compostable plates and cutlery, usually made of cornstarch, can be disposed of in organic moist.

**Glasses, ceramics, crystal, porcelain, pyrex:** stick end up in the glass tub, but the latter is intended only for bottles and jars; glasses, plates, cups, and other objects that are not packaging then go into the dry.

**Old or broken bulbs:** halogen, neon or fluorescent ones must be brought to the Ecocentro while the incandescent ones go into the undifferentiated.

The following are the materials that can **NOT** be transferred in the **dry fraction:** Used napkins and tissues, pizza containers, plastic or compostable plates and cups, tetrapak (milk brik, fruit juices), polystyrene packaging, frozen food bags, chips, pasta, rubble waste, cement bags, toxic bins, jars containing residues of any kind (eg glues, solvents, paints, resins, etc.), industrial and agricultural residues, agricultural containers containing pesticides, fertilizers and fertilizers, PVC pipes for irrigation, tires, inner tubes, car batteries and filters, engine oil, lubricants in general and any other part of cars, boats, boats and motorcycles, fixtures and doors, sanitary ware, bathtubs, radiators, hydraulic pipes, WEEE (electrical and electronic waste), taps, electrical system materials, boilers, gates, railings, toners, toys, basins, hard plastic elements, used cooking oil, wood, iron and other ferrous materials.

At the Ecocenters, subject to specific notice to the citizens, bags for dry, plastic and wet fractions will be delivered to all users and, exclusively for new users registered in the TARI role, the tubs for wet, paper and glass.

We thank the population for their commitment and collaboration.

Cosir S.r.l.

The Major